

| | PHYSICAL SCIENCE | GRADE | MS | LIFE SCIENCE | GRADE | MS | EARTH AND SPACE SCIENCE | GRADE | MS | ENGINEERING DESIGN | GRADE |
|-----|--|---|-----|--|--|------|--|---|------|--|---|
| PS1 | Matter and Its Interactions | Activity / Chapter | LS1 | From Molecules to Organisms: Structures and Processes | Activity / Chapter | ESS1 | Earth's Place in the Universe | Activity / Chapter | ETS1 | Engineering Design | Activity / Chapter |
| 1 | Develop models to describe the atomic composition of simple molecules and extended structures. | 8: Compound models lab ch 14 7: Ch 20 Launch lab p. 597 6: Ch.3,4 Constructing Compounds Lab | 1 | Conduct an investigation to provide evidence that living things are made of cells; either one cell or many different numbers and types of cells. | 8: ch 3 6 Ch. 16 Plant Cell Investigation (Algae), 7: Microscope activity and cheek cell lab | 1 | Develop and use a model of the Earth-sun-moon system to describe the cyclic patterns of lunar phases, eclipses of the sun and moon, and seasons. | 8: ch 12-13 6:Ch. 15 Oreo Lunar Phases, Solar System Hypothesis Essay | 1 | Define the criteria and constraints of a design problem with sufficient precision to ensure a successful solution, taking into account relevant scientific principles and potential impacts on people and the natural environment that may limit possible solutions. | 6: Brain Safety Design Challenge, Catapults, Hovercrafts, Lunar Landing: Touchdown Challenge, Paper Helicopters, Building |
| 2 | Analyze and interpret data on the properties of substances before and after the substances interact to determine if a chemical reaction has occurred. | 8: ch 17 7: Ch 20, Toothpaste and egg lab 6: Ch. 3,4 Alloy Demo: Brass Penny Candy Properties | 2 | Develop and use a model to describe the function of a cell as a whole and ways parts of cells contribute to the function. | 6: Ch. 16 3-D cell models and slide show of cell parts/organelles function, 7: Bulletin board with unlabeled | 2 | Develop and use a model to describe the role of gravity in the motions within galaxies and the solar system. | 8: ch 12-13 6: Ch. 15 | 2 | Evaluate competing design solutions using a systematic process to determine how well they meet the criteria and constraints of the problem. | 6:STEM |
| 3 | Gather and make sense of information to describe that synthetic materials come from natural resources and impact society. | 7: Ch. 20, Physical & chemical changes in kitchen substances 6: Ch. 3,4 | 3 | Use argument supported by evidence for how the body is a system of interacting subsystems composed of groups of cells. | 8: ch 3, 7: Research activity. | 3 | Analyze and interpret data to determine scale properties of objects in the solar system. | 8: ch 12-13 6: Ch. 15 | 3 | Analyze data from tests to determine similarities and differences among several design solutions to identify the best characteristics of each that can be combined into a new solution to better meet the criteria for success. | 6: STEM |
| 4 | Develop a model that predicts and describes changes in particle motion, temperature, and state of a pure substance when thermal energy is added or removed. | 8: ch 21 7: Ch 20, Identifying unknown substances with mass, volume, solubility, melting or boiling point. Calculate density and solubility. 6: Ch. 5 The Great Ketchup | 4 | Use argument based on empirical evidence and scientific reasoning to support an explanation for how characteristic animal behaviors and specialized plant structures affect the probability of successful reproduction of animals and plants respectively. | 7: Bean & seeds lab. | 4 | Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence from rock strata for how the geologic time scale is used to organize Earth's 4.6-billion-year-old history. | 8: Make a geologic time scale, Relative age lab ch 9-10 | 4 | Develop a model to generate data for iterative testing and modification of a proposed object, tool, or process such that an optimal design can be achieved. | 6:STEM |
| 5 | Develop and use a model to describe how the total number of atoms does not change in a chemical reaction and thus mass is conserved. | 7: Ch 20, Steel wool and water lab and nail and carbonated liquid lab. 6: | 5 | Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how environmental and genetic factors influence the growth of organisms. | 8: Change in a species lab ch 10, 7: Growth charts | ESS2 | Earth's Systems | Activity / Chapter | | | |
| 6 | Undertake a design project to construct, test, and modify a device that either releases or absorbs thermal energy by chemical processes. | 7: Ch 20, Vinegar and baking soda lab | 6 | Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for the role of photosynthesis in the cycling of matter and flow of energy into and out of organisms. | 8: ch 5 6: Ch. 16, 7: Grow plants and chart their growth. | 1 | Develop a model to describe the cycling of Earth's materials and the flow of energy that drives this process. | 8: ch 7-8 6: Ch. 9 Starbursts: Rock Cycle | | | |
| PS2 | Motion and Stability: Forces and Interactions | Activity / Chapter | 7 | Develop a model to describe how food is rearranged through chemical reactions forming new molecules that support growth and/or release energy as this matter moves through an organism. | 8: ch 3, 7: Mixture and compound labs. | 2 | Construct an explanation based on evidence for how geoscience processes have changed Earth's surface at varying time and spatial scales. | 8: ch 7-8 | | | |
| 1 | Apply Newton's Third Law to design a solution to a problem involving the motion of two colliding objects. | 8: ch 19 6: Ch. 5 Speed of Falling Objects Lab, Newton's Law Vehicle, Mousetrap Car, 2-liter | 8 | Gather and synthesize information that sensory receptors respond to stimuli by sending messages to the brain for immediate behavior or storage as memories. | 8: ch 3, 7: Mixture and compound labs. | 3 | Analyze and interpret data on the distribution of fossils and rocks, continental shapes, and seafloor structures to provide evidence of the past plate motions. | 8: ch 7-8 | | | |
| 2 | Plan an investigation to provide evidence that the change in an object's motion depends on the sum of the forces on the object and the mass of the object. | 8: ch 19, 7: Marble launch lab | LS2 | Ecosystems: Interactions, Energy, and Dynamics | Activity / Chapter | 4 | Develop a model to describe the cycling of water through Earth's systems driven by energy from the sun and the force of gravity. | 8: ch 5 6: Ch. 10-11 Hydrologic Cycle Illustration | | | |
| 3 | Ask questions about data to determine the factors that affect the strength of electric and magnetic forces. | 8: ch 22-23 | 1 | Analyze and interpret data to provide evidence for the effects of resource availability on organisms and populations of organisms in an ecosystem. | 8: ch 4-6 | 5 | Collect data to provide evidence for how the motions and complex interactions of air masses results in changes in weather conditions. | 6:Ch. 11 | | | |
| 4 | Construct and present arguments using evidence to support the claim that gravitational interactions are attractive and depend on the masses of interacting objects. | 8: ch 19 6: Ch. 5, 7: Softball & baseball lab | 2 | Construct an explanation that predicts patterns of interactions among organisms across multiple ecosystems. | 8: ch 4-6 | 6 | Develop and use a model to describe how unequal heating and rotation of the Earth cause patterns of atmospheric and oceanic circulation that determine regional climates. | | | | |
| 5 | Conduct an investigation and evaluate the experimental design to provide evidence that fields exist between objects exerting forces on each other even though the objects are not in contact. | 6: Ch. 5 | 3 | Develop a model to describe the cycling of matter and flow of energy among living and nonliving parts of an ecosystem. | 8: ch 4-6 | ESS3 | Earth and Human Activity | Activity / Chapter | | | |
| PS3 | Energy | Activity / Chapter | 4 | Construct an argument supported by empirical evidence that changes to physical or biological components of an ecosystem affect populations. | 8: ch 4-6 | 1 | Construct a scientific explanation based on evidence for how the uneven distributions of Earth's mineral, energy, and groundwater resources are the result of past and current geoscience processes. | | | | |
| 1 | Construct and interpret graphical displays of data to describe the relationships of kinetic energy to the mass of an object and to the speed of an object. | 6: Ch. 6 Marble Roller Coaster, Energy Transfer Skits, 7: Rubber band lab | 5 | Evaluate competing design solutions for maintaining biodiversity and ecosystem services. | 8: ch 4-6 | 2 | Analyze and interpret data on natural hazards to forecast future catastrophic events and inform the development of technologies to mitigate their effects. | | | | |
| 2 | Develop a model to describe that when the arrangement of objects interacting at a distance changes, different amounts of potential energy are stored in the system. | 6: Ch. 6, 7: Rubber band lab and tennis ball lab | LS3 | Heredity: Inheritance and Variation of Traits | Activity / Chapter | 3 | Apply scientific principles to design a method for monitoring and minimizing a human impact on the environment. | | | | |
| 3 | Apply scientific principles to design, construct, and test a device that either minimizes or maximizes thermal energy transfer. | 8: ch 21 6: Ch. 6, 7: Hot/Cold water lab | 1 | Develop and use a model to describe why structural changes to genes (mutations) located on chromosomes may affect proteins and may result in harmful, beneficial, or neutral effects to the structure and function of the organism. | 8: ch 2 | 4 | Construct an argument supported by evidence for how increases in human population and per-capita consumption of natural resources impact Earth's systems. | 6: Ch. 17 Food/Resources Strain on World Population Discussion | | | |
| 4 | Plan an investigation to determine the relationships among the energy transferred, the type of matter, the mass, and the change in the average kinetic energy of the particles as measured by the temperature of the sample. | 8: ch 21 6 Ch. 6, 7: Build a solar collector with trash bags | 2 | Develop and use a model to describe why asexual reproduction results in offspring with identical genetic information and sexual reproduction results in offspring with genetic variation. | | 5 | Ask questions to clarify evidence of the factors that have caused the rise in global temperatures over the past century. | | | | |
| 5 | Construct, use, and present arguments to support the claim that when the kinetic energy of an object changes, energy is transferred to or from the object. | 6: Ch. 6, 7: Pendulum lab | LS4 | Biological Evolution: Unity and Diversity | Activity / Chapter | | | | | | |
| PS4 | Waves and Their Applications in Technologies for Information Transfer | Activity / Chapter | 1 | Analyze and interpret data for patterns in the fossil record that document the existence, diversity, extinction, and change of life forms throughout the history of life on Earth under the assumption that natural laws operate today as in the past. | 8: Fossil lab, Relative age lab ch 7 | | | | | As of now the State Assessment test is taken in 7th grade. That would account for the larger number of concepts being introduced or reinforced at that level. As the testing grade level changes to the 8th grade (in 2015/2016) the concepts being taught in each grade level will also change. | |
| 1 | Use mathematical representations to describe a simple model for waves that includes how the amplitude of a wave is related to the energy in a wave. | 8: ch 24, 7: Radio wave lab | 2 | Apply scientific ideas to construct an explanation for the anatomical similarities and differences among modern organisms and between modern and fossil organisms to infer evolutionary relationships. | 8: ch 7 | | | | | This document will undoubtedly change as the JH teacher assess what is best for the students. Much of that will be based on when students are tested, student achievement on the State Assessment test, and the material tested on the State Assessment test. | |

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| 2 | Develop and use a model to describe that waves are reflected, absorbed, or transmitted through various materials. | 8: ch 24, 7: Ruler demo | 3 | Analyze displays of pictorial data to compare patterns of similarities in the embryological development across multiple species to identify relationships not evident in the fully formed anatomy. | | | | | | | |
| 3 | Integrate qualitative scientific and technical information to support the claim that digitized signals are a more reliable way to encode and transmit information than analog signals. | 7: Youtube video on waves | 4 | Construct an explanation based on evidence that describes how genetic variations of traits in a population increase some individuals' probability of surviving and reproducing in a specific environment. | 8: ch 2 & 10 | | | | | | |
| | | | 5 | Gather and synthesize information about the technologies that have changed the way humans influence the inheritance of desired traits in organisms. | | | | | | | |
| | | | 6 | Use mathematical representations to support explanations of how natural selection may lead to increases and decreases of specific traits in populations over time. | 8: Change in a species lab ch 10 Ch. 6: Ch. 20 | | | | | | |